



Material Safety Data Sheet

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Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Prepared For

Prepared by

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IN CASE OF EMERGENCY (HEALTH OR SPILLS):

CHEMTREC (US and Canada) (800) 424-9300

Product no. : 62003

Product - Class : Cetol Maintenance

Customer Part Numbe :

Customer ShipTo ID:

Section 2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview : Warning!

Effects of Overexposure : HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

SUSPECT CANCER HAZARD

CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.

VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.

CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, KIDNEYS, LUNGS, REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, HEART, CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, EYES, BONE MARROW, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

Other effects of eye contact may include : eye damage, redness, swelling, tearing,

Skin : Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.

Other effects of skin contact may include: dermatitis, discoloration, blistering,

Effects due to absorption through skin may include: weakness,

Inhalation : Irritating to respiratory system.

Other effects of inhalation may include: anesthesia, CNS effects, confusion, dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, headache, incoordination, narcosis, nausea, pulmonary edema, weakness,

Ingestion : Toxic if swallowed.

Other effects of ingestion may include : CNS effects, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, headache, irritation, nausea, vomiting, weakness,

Potential chronic health effects : CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified SUSPECTED by Raw Material Supplier [methyl ethyl ketoxime]. Classified 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC [ethyl benzene].
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: None by OSHA standard.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: None by OSHA standard.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, eyes, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure : skin disorders,

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged OVEREXPOSURE to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this package may be harmful or fatal.

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition, information on ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by weight	Vapor pressure	Exposure Limits (ACGIH-TLV/OSHA-PEL)
aliphatic hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	10 - 25	0.02 kPa (0.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	Not available.
alkyd resin	.....	10 - 25	Not available.	Not available.
linseed alkyd	.....	10 - 25	Not available.	Not available.
mineral spirits	8052-41-3	10 - 25	Not available.	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s).
aliphatic solvent stabilizer	.....	5 - 10	Not available.	Not available.
xylene, mixed isomers	127519-17-9 1330-20-7	1 - 5 1 - 5	Not available. 0.7 kPa (5.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	Not available. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).
glycol ethers	.....	1 - 5	Not available.	ACGIH TLV (United States). Skin TWA: 5 ppm 8 hour(s).
hindered amine ethyl benzene	129757-67-1 100-41-4	1 - 5 0 - 1	Not available. 0.9 kPa (7.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	Not available. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).

Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing, or wear gloves. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. Move exposed person to fresh air. If fumes are still suspected to be present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or a self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if irregular breathing, or respiratory arrest occurs provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Ingestion** : Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : The lowest known value is 232.22°C (450°F) (mineral spirits).
- Flash points** : Closed cup: 51°C (124°F). (Setaflash.)
- Flammable limits** : The greatest known range is Lower: 1% Upper: 7.5% (xylene, mixed isomers)
- Products of combustion** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO₂...).
- Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances/Conditions** : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge, of oxidizing materials.
DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container. Waste should be understood to include contaminated articles, including spray booth filters and strippings.
- Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances/Conditions** : Slightly explosive in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge.
- Fire-fighting media and instructions** : SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.
LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.
- Protective clothing (fire)** : Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Spill and Leak** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (Section 8). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) and use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. For large spills dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal.

Dispose of as in Section 13.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Storage** : Store in an approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: All precautions must be observed. Empty container may retain product residues.

Section 8. Exposure controls, personal protection

Selection of personal protective equipment (PPE) is to be established by the employer performing a PPE hazard assessment. In the U.S.A, OSHA requires completion of a documented PPE hazard assessment as described in 29 CFR 1910.132.

- Engineering controls** : Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the work-station location.

Personal protection

- Eyes** : Safety glasses.
- Body** : Synthetic apron.
- Respiratory** : Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Hands : Impervious gloves.

Protective clothing (pictograms) :



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Good personal hygiene practices are required at all times when handling chemicals. These practices include, but are not limited to, washing when safety equipment is removed, at the end of each shift or when going on breaks and especially if contamination occurs.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state and Appearance	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: The lowest known value is 137.222 to 142.778°C (279 to 289°F) (xylene, mixed isomers).
Melting/freezing point	: May start to solidify at -50.5°C (-58.9°F) based on data for: hindered amine.
Specific gravity	: Weighted average: 0.81 (Water = 1)
Vapor pressure	: The highest known value is 0.7 kPa (5.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (xylene, mixed isomers).
Vapor density	: Heavier than air
Volatility	: 56% (v/v), 49% (w/w)
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: The highest known value is Lower than 1. (aliphatic hydrocarbon) compared to butyl acetate
VOC	: 447 (g/l).
Solubility	: Easily soluble in hot water. Soluble in cold water.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: Stable.
Conditions of instability	: heat, open flame, sparks, light, dusty conditions,
Incompatibility with various substances	: Reactive with oxidizing agents. Slightly reactive to reactive with acids.
Hazardous Reaction Products	: Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.
Hazardous polymerization	: Will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Test</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>
mineral spirits	LD50	>5000 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	>3000 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LC50	>5500 mg/m ³ (4 hour(s))	Inhalation	Rat
xylene, mixed isomers	LD50	4300 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	>1700 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LC50	5000 ppm (4 hour(s))	Inhalation	Rat
hindered amine	LD50	>2000 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	>2000 mg/kg	Dermal	Rat
	LD50	3500 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
ethyl benzene	LD50	15486 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LC50	55000 mg/m ³ (2 hour(s))	Inhalation	Rat

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity data

Ingredient name

aliphatic hydrocarbon
xylene, mixed isomers

Species

Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)

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Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)

Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)

Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)

Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)

Pimephales promelas (LC50)

hindered amine

carp (LC50)

killifish (LC50)

Zebra fish (LC50)

Daphnia (EC50)

Algae (EC50)

ethyl benzene

Daphnia magna (EC50)

Daphnia magna (EC50)

Selenastrum capricornutum
(EC50)

Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)

Pimephales promelas (LC50)

Poecilia reticulata (LC50)

Period

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

48 hour(s)

48 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

24 hour(s)

72 hour(s)

48 hour(s)

48 hour(s)

48 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

96 hour(s)

Result

2.9 mg/l

3.3 mg/l

8.2 mg/l

8.6 mg/l

12 mg/l

13.3 mg/l

13.4 mg/l

>204 ppm

>204 ppm

>58 ppm

71 ppm

>10 ppm

2.93 mg/l

2.97 mg/l

7.2 mg/l

4.2 mg/l

9.09 mg/l

9.6 mg/l

Products of degradation : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) and water, nitrogen oxides (NO, NO₂...).

Toxicity of the products of biodegradation : The products of degradation are as toxic as the product itself.



Section 13. Disposal considerations



Waste information : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section 14. Transport information

Note: Information contained in this section may vary from the actual shipping description depending on quantity in containers, mode of shipment and use of exemptions.

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1263	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) (mineral spirits)	3	III		<p>Packaging instruction Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L</p> <p>Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 220 L</p> <p>R Q : 6 9 9 6 . 1 3 1 b s (3172.85kgs) [xylene, mixed isomers]</p>
TDG Classification	UN1263	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) (mineral spirits)	3	III		-

IMDG Class	1263	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) (mineral spirits)	3	III		-
IATA-DGR Class	1263	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) (mineral spirits)	3	III		<p>Quantity limitation - Passenger Aircraft - Limited quantity 10 L</p> <p>Quantity limitation - Passenger Aircraft 60 L</p> <p>Quantity limitation - Cargo Aircraft 220 L</p>

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : All components in this product have been verified as being on the TSCA Inventory.
(HAPS) Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: glycol ethers; butoxyethoxyethanol; cobalt from co compound; xylene, mixed isomers; toluene; ethyl benzene; 1,2-ethanediol; methoxyethoxyethanol

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements	:	xylene, mixed isomers	1.00 - 3.00
		glycol ethers	1.00 - 3.00
		ethyl benzene	0.10 - 1.00

State regulations : WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.: ethyl benzene, toluene, quartz

International regulations

International lists : All components of this product are on the CEPA DSL inventory.

** All values in this section reported as percentage by weight, unless otherwise specified.

Section 16. Other information

HMIS III ® Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	1
Flammability		2
Physical Hazard		0
Personal protection		

WHMIS (Canada)



Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).
Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC).
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

Notice to reader

The absence of a positive finding indicates that we believe, to the best of our knowledge, that the negative is true.

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